EXERCISE – 4 (3) Croma

		(3) C	romagnon ma
1.	Which primate is closest to man regarding organic evolution : [CPMT 82]	9.	The probab
	(1) Gibbon (2) Gorilla (2) Sinonthropus (4) Orongutan		(1) Domoni
	(3) Sinanthropus (4) Orangutan		(1) Ramapi (3) Australo
2.	The prehistori man who lives on earth		(3) Australi
4.	during late Pleistocene period : CPMT 82]	10.	Which of th
	(1) Neanderthal man (2) Australopithecus	10.	which of u
	(1) Austratophilecus (3) Java man (4) Atlantic man		(1) Procons
	(3) Java man (4) Attantic man		(1) Procons
3.	Which character applies to Homo sapiens :		(2) I focons of ape
J.	[CPMT 81]		(3) Apes we
	(1) Opposable toe		(4) None of
	(1) Opposible toe (2) Large canine		(4) None of
	(3) Cranial capacity 1450 cc	11.	Scientific n
	(4) Chin prominence absent	11.	Selentine II
	(+) enin proninence absent		(1) Canis fa
4.	Fossils of Pithecanthropus have been		(3) Homo e
	recovered from : [CPMT 81]		(3) 1101110 C
	(1) China (2) Germany	12.	The first an
	(3) Java (4) Japan	12.	been discov
	(3) Suvu (4) Supun		(1) Pitheca
5.	Ancestor of man who first time showed		(3) Austral
	bipedal movement [CPMT 80]		(3) Hustian
	(1) Cro-magnon (2) Australopithecus	13.	On which
	(3) Java apeman (4) Peking man	10.	prehistoric
			premisione
6.	Homo erectus is biological name of :		(1) Africa
0.	[CPMT 80]		(3) Asia
	(1) Modern man		(0) 1 1014
	(2) Neanderthal man	14.	Most recent
	(3) Java man		1100010001
	(4) Peking and Java man		(1) Java ma
	()8		(3) Cro-ma
7.	Homo erectus differed from Cro-magnon		
	man in having : [CPMT 80]	15.	The fossil
	(1) Jawa protruding out		shivalik hil
	(2) Tool making		(1) Oligopi
	(3) Sloping jaws		(3) Ramapi
	(4) Arts and paintings		
		16. V	What was the c
8.	The probable direct ancestor of modern man		
	is : [CPMT 73, 77, 79]		(1) 400 cc
	(1) Java man (2) Peking man		(3) 900 cc
		I	

(3) Cro	omagnon man	(4) Neanderthal man
9.	The probable forst pro-	ehistoric man was : [CPMT 79]
	(1) Ramapithecus	(2) Homo habilis
	(3) Australopithecus	(4) Zinjanthropus
10.	Which of the following	ng statement is correct : [NCERT 79]
	(1) Proconsul was and	
	(2) Proconsul was and of ape	cestor or man and not
	1	or of man anatomically
11.	Scientific name of ma	n is : [CPMT 71, BHU 78]
	(1) Canis familiaris	(2) Homo habilis
	(3) Homo erectus	(4) Homo sapies
12.	The first ancestor of a been discovered was	nan whose fossils have [CPMT 78]
	(1) Pithecanthropus	
	(3) Australopithecus	(4) Neanderthal man
13.	On which continent prehistoric man have	
	(1) Africa	[CPMT 75] (2) Europe
	(1) Anica (3) Asia	(4) America
14	Most resent mon four	d as fossil was
14.	Most recent man four	[CPMT 73]
	(1) Java man	(2) Peking man
	(3) Cro-magnon man	(4) Hiedelberg man
15.	The fossil of primitiv shivalik hills in India	we man recovered from [CPMT 75]
	(1) Oligopithecus	· · · ·
	(3) Ramapithecus	(4) Propliopithecus
16. W	hat was the cranial cap	acity of java man : [CPMT 75]
	(1) 400 cc	(2) 650 cc
	(3) 900 cc	(4) 1450 cc

17.	Who discovered Java ape man : [CPMT 75] (1) Leakey (2) Mayr (3) Davidson Black (4) Dubois	 23. Characteristics of primitive monkey which w in the direction of evolution of man : (1) Thumb parallel to fingers (2) 32 teeth (3) Prehensile tail (4) Flat nose 	as
18.	The proper burial of dead for the first time started with which prehistoric man : [CPMT 72](1) Peking man (3) Java man(2) Neanderthal man (4) Cromagnon man	 24. Greatest advantage of bipedal movement : [NCERT 71] (1) Fore arms becoming free for carrying out order of brain (2) Greater speed 	
19.	 Evolution of man was possible because our apelike ancestors : [CPMT 75] (1) Showed bipedal movement on open land (2) Used fire (3) Felt difficulty in nutrition (4) Developed community hunting 	 (3) Support the body properly (4) Loss of weight 25. Which fossil man had cranial capacity almorequal to modern man : [CPMT 83] (1) Australopithecus (2) Java ape man (3) Neanderthal man (4) Peking man 	ost
20.	 What is the contribution of W.C.Pei : (1) He discovered Cro-magnon man (2) He discovered peking man (3) He discovered Java man (4) None of them 	26. Fire for protection and cooking was first used by :[CPMT 84](1) Neanderthal man(3) Java man(2) Cro-magnon man(4) Peking man	
21.	 C. Fuhlrott made an important discovery in evolution and he discovered : (1) Neanderthal man (2) Cro-magnon man (3) Classification of man (4) Characters of modern apes 	 27. Coloured rock paintings were first done by : [CPMT 84] (1) Cro-magnon man (3) Peking man 28. Largest cranial capacity was found in : [CPMT 86] 	
22.	Cranial capacity of Cro-magnon man was : (1) 900 cc (2) 1075 cc (3) 1450 cc (4) 1600 cc	(1) Peking man(2) Neanderthal man(3) Java man(4) Cro-magnon man	

EXERCISE -4

ANSWER KEY

Que.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Ans.	3	1	3	3	2	4	1	3	2	1	4	3	1	3	3
Que.	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		
Ans.	3	4	2	1	2	1	4	2	1	3	3	1	4		