## Directions for question 1 to 50. Choose the correct alternative.

1. If an article cost $50 \%$ of its selling price there was a profit of Rs60. What was the selling price?
(*) C 125
C 140
C 200
2. A can do a piece of work in 10 days which can be done by $B$ in 12 days. How long would it take to do the work together?
(*) $47 / 9$
( $53 / 9$
C $55 / 11$
C $5 \frac{1}{2}$
3. The denominator of a fraction is greater than its numerator by 5 but if 7 were added to the denominator the value of the fraction would then become $1 / 4^{\text {th }}$. What is the fraction?
(*) $4 / 9$
2/3
C $5 / 11$
(1 $4 / 7$
4. The sum of all 2 digit numbers which can be formed from $4 \& 5$ ?
(*) 45
99
C 100
C 101
5. Find the number whose double is greater than its half by 30 .
(- 20
C 30
C 25
C 23
6. A divided Rs. 200 amongst 15 children giving some Rs. 20 and remaining Rs.10.How many children receive Rs. 20?
(*) 7
C 12
C 10
(1) 5
7. If 3 apples are worth 2 bananas, how many bananas are 15 apples worth?
(* 15
C
8
C 10
C 12
8. A buys an item for Rs. 600 of which $12 \%$ is excise and $4 \%$ is sales tax. How much would A pay exclusive of taxes and excise?
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* 519.82 C 521.33 C
```

9. $X$ has Rs. 6 with him. If $2 / 3$ of what $X$ has is $1 / 4$ of what $Y$ has. How much does $Y$ have?

| $\bigcirc 16$ ¢ |  |  |  | $\bigcirc 14$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

10 . The sum of a number and its reciprocal is $1 / 2$. The sum of their squares is,

```
* 9/4 \
```

11. $X, Y$, and $Z$ take 20,30 and 60 days respectively to complete a job independently. They set out to complete a job together. However $Y$ leaves after 4 days and $Z$ leaves after another 6 days. How many more days will it take for $X$ alone to complete the job now?

- 

4
C 3
5
C 6
12. A rectangular block of dimensions $5 * 6 * 7 \mathrm{~cm}$. Is dropped into a cylindrical vesssed of radius 6 cm . And height 10 cm .. If the level of fluid in the cylinder rises by 4 cm ., what portion of the block is immersed in the fluid?

- $22 / 7 * 15 / 18 \subset 22 / 7 * 24 / 35$ ○ $\quad 22 / 7 * 22 / 34$ く

22/7*12/15
13. The difference between a number and its square is 870 . What is the number?
(4 42
29
C 30
C 32
14. In an election , $60 \%$ of the voters exercised the franchise. Of these, $40 \%$ were women. The number of males exercising their franchise was 53040 . How many eligible voters were there in all?

```
* 125000 \ 150000 < 230000 < 153000
```

15. If the side of a square is increased by 3 cm ., the area increases by 33 cm . The side of the square is
(*)
5.5
6
C 2
C 4
16. A sum of RS. 88000 is to be divided among $A, B$, and $C$ such that for every rupee, $A$ gets, $B$ gets 75 paise and for every rupee, $B$ gets, $C$ gets 90 paise. How much is C's share?
© $28345 \quad \bigcirc \quad 28563 \quad \subset 29887 \quad \subset$
17. A family uses a mixture of a blend of 2 coffees costing Rs. 30 and Rs. 60 respectively.If the family uses only the expensive variety, it will have to spend Rs. 450 more. The annual consumption of coffee of the family is 20 Kgs . In what ratio are the two blends being used?
©
3:1 2:3
C $4: 5$
C $2: 1$
18. A buys a washing machine costing Rs. 6000 on instalment basis. He pays Rs. 3000 cash at the time of delivery and subsequently 2 monthly instalments of Rs. 1575 each. The rate of interest charged p.a. is

- $39 \% \quad$ C $28 \%$ C $30 \%$

19. If $4-[2.8-\{3.5-(1-X)\}]=5$, Then value of $X$ is
(4 2.3
1.5
1.3
$\bigcirc 2.5$
20.A salesman earns a commission of $3 \%$ on the value of sale that he makes. If by selling a radio at $60 \%$ of the marked prices, he earns a commission of Rs. 12, then the marked price of the radio is?
©
667 C 700
C 655
C 680
21.P, $Q$, and $R$ enter into a Partnership and their shares are in proportion of 3:2:1. $P$ withdraws half his capital at the end of 4 months and after 8 months more the profit of Rs. 1800 is divided. What is P's share
( 570 C
660

720
C
700
20. A sum of Rs. 8.25 is made up of 100 coins which are either 10 paise or 5 paise. How many are there of 10 paise?
(4 65
35
C 40
C 55
21. A trader has 100 Kg of wheat, part of which he sells at $5 \%$ profit and the rest at $20 \%$ profit. He gains $15 \%$ on the whole. Find how much is sold at $5 \%$ profit?
©
60

C
50
C
66.6

C
33.3
24.If $x^{*} y^{*} z=\left(x^{2}+y^{2}\right)^{z}$, then value of $4 * 3 * 2$ is
(c) 650
675
550
C
625
25.If the side of a square is increased by 8 cm , the area increases by $64 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. What is the side of the square?
-
1.3
$C$
1.5
$\bigcirc$
1
C
26. Ashish travels a distance of 100 km in the following manner, at 20 kmph for the $1^{\text {st }} 50 \mathrm{kms}$, at 25 kmph for the next 50 kms . He returns at a constant speed of 25 kmph . What was his average speed for the journey?
( 22.50
23.52
24.60
C 22.35
27. A purchases a car at a discount of $20 \%$ from a wholesaler and sells it at a profit of $20 \%$ for Rs.1800. How much discount did he get from the wholesaler?
(* 60
C
85
70
75
28. A radio can be brought for Rs. 2000 cash or for Rs. 2200 on 5 months credit. Find the interest rate p.a. Consider simple interest.
(c 24
22
32
25
29. If 20 kg of rice cost Rs. 200 less than 80 kgs of wheat. If a kg mixture of rice and wheat is in the proportion 2:3 and cost Rs.15, Find per kg cost of rice in Rs.
(4 15
20
10
None of these.
30. $X$ is $25 \%$ more efficient than $Y$ and his hourly wages are $25 \%$ more. If $X$ is paid Rs.75, how much will Y receive for the same work?

- $65 \quad$ C $90 \quad$ C $75 \quad$ C 110

31. Ashish spends $10 \%$ of his pocket money on himself and gives his sister Rs.5. If he still has $80 \%$ of the original sum, what was the amount he had as pocket money? ©
32.A owes B a sum of Rs. 5000 to be paid 6 months from today. If simple interest @12\% p.a. is calculated, what sum shall $A$ have to pay $B, 4$ months from now in full discharge of the debt?

32. The difference of 2 positive numbers is 81 and quotient obtained on dividing the one by the other is 9 . Find the first number.

| * | 75 | $C$ | 90 | $C$ | 10 | $C$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

34. Anand goes to a shop to buy the walkman costing Rs.2250. The rate of sales tax is $6 \%$ he wants the dealer to reduce the price so that he has to pay Rs. 2000 inclusive
of tax. Find the reduction needed in the percent of the walkman.
(4) 15
C 16
C 17
18
35.P,Q, R enter a partnership where they invest Rs. 20000, Rs. 30000 , Rs. 40000 resp. P withdraws Rs. 10000 after 2 months, Q withdraws Rs. 15000 after 4 months and R withdraws Rs. 25000 after 8 months. What will be R's share in the profit of Rs.
12474? $3564 \quad$ © $3267 \quad$ C 5643 C 5500
35. A company declares a dividend of $15 \%$ on Rs. 150 shares. A man buys such shares and gets $10 \%$ on his investment. Find at what price he bought the shares?
(-) 255
C 356
C
225
C
240
36. If x sells for Rs. 20 each, 250 Rs. 10 share in a company which pays a dividend of $10 \%$ and then invests the proceeds of this sale in the purchase of Rs. 5 shares in another company at Rs. 4 each, find what difference is made in his income if the company pays a dividend of $4 \%$ ?
© $50 \quad \subset 66 \quad$ C $105 \quad C \quad$ None of these.
$1 / 4$ of one number $+2 / 3$ of another $=3 / 8$ of their sum. Find the ratio of their numbers.
(4) 4:3
$C$
2:5
$C$
3:7
2:1
37. At how many distinct points do the diagonals of a square intersect if no 2 diagonals pass through the same point?
( 4 C $1 \quad C \quad 2$
38. $X$ buys an apple from $Y$ for Rs. 5 and sells it to $Z$ for Rs.10. He later buys the apple back from $Z$ for Rs. 12 and sells it to $Y$ for Rs.15. What is his profit over the venture? $\begin{array}{lllllll}4 & C & 6 & C & 12 & & 10\end{array}$
40.I have a rectangular piece of cloth 16 meters long \& $11 / 4$ metre broad. Iwant to cut as many large square pieces of the same size as possible. How many such pieces can I cut out of it ?
(-) 320 C 240
C 360
C 325
39. The sum of two natural numbers is 85 and their L. C .M is 102 . Find the numbers
(- 51 \& 34
C $25 \& 63$
40\&25
40. A man $X Y$ of height 1.75 cm stands at a distance of 4 metres from a pillar $A B$. If the pillar
I is at the height of 5.25 m from the ground, what is the length of the man's shadow on the ground ?

- $1 \mathrm{~m} \quad C$
$2 m$
C 5 m
( 6 m

43. triangles $x$ \& $y$ have the same area. If the bases are in the ratio $2: 3$, what is the ratio of their heights ?

- $3: 2 \subset 2: 3$
C
3:4
$C$
5:6

44. A ground of 4.9 m width is prepared on the inside of a circular area of diameter 10 m . Find the cost of levelling the garden at Rs. 10 per sqm.
(4) 789.25 C 653.43
C 775.54
650.33
45. Three circloes touch each other externally. If $x y=15, y z=10, x z=21$ Find the radius of each circle.
©
13,8,2 $14,5,9$
$\bigcirc$
, 13, 12
C $5,6,3$
46. If the diameter of a circle is increased by $100 \%$, find the \% increase in the area.

- $200 \quad \cap 300 \quad \cap \quad 100 \quad$ C 250

47. A spherical ball of 8 cm diameter is melted into a cone with base 20 cm in diameter. Find its height.
© $2.56 \mathrm{~cm} \subset 3 \mathrm{~cm}$
2 cm
C $\quad 3.75 \mathrm{~cm}$
48. Water flows out at the rate of 10 m per minute, from a cylindrical pipe of diameter 5 mm . Find the time taken to fill a conical tank whose diameter at the surface is 40 cm and depth 24 cm .
(- $531 / 2 \mathrm{~min} \subset \quad 511 / 5 \mathrm{~min} \quad \subset \quad 571 / 5 \mathrm{~min} \subset \quad 60 \mathrm{~min}$
49. Find the S.I. for Rs. 2500 for 73 days at $6 \%$ p.a.


QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE TEST PAPER 1 : EXPLANATORY ANSWERS

1. Let the selling price be $S$.
2. 

Cost price $=\mathrm{C}=0.5 \mathrm{~S}$
Profit $=0.5 \mathrm{~S}$
$0.5 \mathrm{~S}=60$
S $=120$
3. In one day A can do $1 / 1$ work
4. In one day $B$ can do $1 / 12$ work

In one day $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}=1 / 10+1 / 12$
$=22 / 120=11 / 60$
$=60 / 11=55 / 11$
5. Let the fraction be $a / b$
6. $b=a+5--I$

Also, $a / b+7=1 / 4$
$4 \mathrm{a}=\mathrm{b}+7$--II
Solving I+II,
$-a+b=5$
$4 a-b=7$
$3 a=12$
$a=4$, therefore $b=9$
7. 45,54
8. sum $=45+54=99$
9. Let the number be $x$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 10. } 2 x-1 / 2 x=30 \\
& 3 / 2 x=30 \\
& 3 x=60 \\
& x=20
\end{aligned}
$$

6. $20 x+10 y=200--I$
$x+y=15--I I$
$20 x+10 y=200$
$(-) 10 x+10 y=150$
$10 x=50$
$x=5$
7. Apples

3
15
Bananas
2 ?
$15 * 2 \not 3=10$ Bananas
8. cost exclusive of excise and tax $=x$
9. excise $=0.12$

Tax $=0.04$
$\mathrm{X}+0.16 \mathrm{x}=600$
$X=600 / 1.16$
$=517.24$
10. $x$ has Rs. 6 .
11. $2 / 3$ of $x=2 / 3^{*} 6=$ Rs. 4

Rs. $4=1 / 4 \mathrm{y}$
$Y=4 * 4=16$
12. $x+1 / x=1 / 2$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (x+1 / x)^{2}=x^{2}+2 x 1 / x+1 / x^{2} \\
& =x^{2}+2+1 / x^{2} \\
& =x^{2}+1 / x 2+2 \\
& =1 / 4+2 \\
& =1+8 / 4 \\
& =9 / 4
\end{aligned}
$$

13. $x$ will complete $1 / 20$ in one day.
$Y$ will complete $1 / 30$ in one day.
$Z$ will complete $1 / 60$ in one day.
4 days $=(1 / 20+1 / 30+1 / 60) * 4$
$=(3+2+1 / 60) * 4$
$=6 / 60 * 4$
$=4 / 10$
```
= 2/5 5h complete
6 days = (1/20 + 1/60)*6
= (3+1/60)*6
= 4/60*6
= 4/10 = 2/5
total work complete = 2/5+2/5 = 4/5
work remaining = 1/5
1/5/1/20=1/5*20/1
= 4 days
```

14. volume increase in cylinder=(volume of block *portion of it which is immersed)
```
22/7*62*4 = 5*6*7(p)
p = 22/7*36*4
p = 22/7*24/35
```

13. Let the number be $x$.
```
x
x}
(x-30)(x+29) =0
x = 30
```

14. Let the no. of eligible voters $=x$
```
Then, (0.6)(.6x) = 53040
0.36x = 53040
x = 54000/0.36
x = 150000
```

15. Let side of the square be x .
```
(x+3)2 = x' + 33
x}+6x+9=\mp@subsup{x}{}{2}+3
6x=24
x=4
```

16. $A: B$ is $10: 7.5$
$\mathrm{B}: \mathrm{C}$ is $10: 9$
$A: B: C$ is 100:75:67.5
C gets $90 * 88000 / 242.5=24495$
17. Expensive brand cost $=20 * 60=1200$

Expense now $=1200-450=750$
Average cost of the mixture $=750 / 20$
Rs. 30 Rs. 60
Rs. 750/20
450/20 150/20
3:1
18. Instalments paid $=1575+1575=3150$

Interest $=3150-3000=150$
For 2 months interest = Rs. 150
Rate of interest $2.5 \%$ p.m.
Rate of interest p.a. $=12 * 2.5=30 \%$
19. $4-2 \cdot 8+3 \cdot 5-1+x=5$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x=5-4+2 \cdot 8-3 \cdot 5+1 \\
& =1.3
\end{aligned}
$$

20. Let the marked price be 100 .

Selling price $=60$
Commission $=3 / 100 * 60=1.8$
Commission(\%) Commission(Rs).
1.8

12
100
$100 * 12 / 1.8=666.67$
21. $3: 2: 1$

$$
1.5 * 12+1.5 * 4: 2 * 12: 1 * 12
$$

$$
18+6: 24: 12
$$

24:24:12
2:2:1
1800/5*2

$$
360 * 2
$$

Rs. 720.
22. By alligation rule:
23. $10 \quad 5$

825/100
13

## 7

```
10 paise = 100/20*13
= 65 coins
5 paise =100/20*7
=35 coins
```

23. By alligation rule:

5
20
15

| 5 |
| :---: |
| $2 / 3^{*} 100$ |$=66.6 \quad 10$

24. $=(16+9)^{2}$
25. 

$=25^{2}$
$=625$
25. Let side be $x$.
$(x+8)^{2}=x^{2}+80$
$x^{2}+16 x+64=x^{2}+80$
$16 x=16$
$\mathrm{x}=1$
26. Total time taken $=2.5+2+4=8.5$ hour

$$
\text { Distance }=100+100=200 \mathrm{kms}
$$

Speed $=200 / 8.5=23.52$
27. $120 \quad 1800$

100
$100 / 1800 * 120=1500$
Cost price $=1500$
$100 * 1500 / 80=1875$
Discount from the wholesaler= 20\%*1875= Rs375
28. $200 / 2000 * 12 / 5 * 100=24 \%$ p.a.
29. Let cost of rice be Rs.x per kg.
30.

And cost of wheat be Rs.y per kg.
$20 x=80 y-200$
$x=4 y-10$
$x-4 y=10$
$2 x-8 y=20--I$
$2 x+3 y / 5=15$
$2 x+3 y=75--I I$
$2 x+3 y=75$
$-2 x-8 y=20$
$5 y=55$
$y=11$
$\mathrm{x}-44=10$
$x=54$
$2 x-8 y=20$
$2 x+3 y=75$
$-11 y=-55$
$y=5$
$x=10$
31. Let wages of $y=a$, then $x=1.25 a$
32.
$X$ took 75/1.25a = 60/a
Y will take 1.25*60/a
=75/a*a
$=$ Rs. 75
33. Let his pocket money be x .
34.

His expense $=10 \%$
$0.1 x+5=0.2 x$
$5=0.1 x$
5/0.1=x
$x=$ Rs. 50
35. Principal amount $=x$
36.
$5000=x+x^{*} 6 / 12 * 12 / 100$
$5000=x+3 x / 50$
$5000=50 x+3 x / 50$
$250000=53 x$
$\mathrm{x}=250000 / 53$
Rs. 4717
4717*4/12*12/100
Rs. 189
Amount $=4717+189$
Rs. 4906
37. Let the 2 no.s $x$ and $y$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x-y=80--I \\
& x / y=9--I I \\
& x-y=80 \\
& x-9 y=0 \\
& 8 y=80 \\
& y=10 \\
& x-y=80 \\
& x-10=80 \\
& x=90
\end{aligned}
$$

34. $2250 * 6 \%=135$
35. 

$2250+135=2385$
$2385-2000=$ Rs. 385
discount\% = 385/2385*180
= 16.14\%
Hence [2]
36. P Q R
37.

234
$1^{*} 12+1^{*} 101.5 * 4+1.5 * 122.5 * 8+1.5^{*} 12$
$226+1820+18$
222438
11:12:19
$\mathrm{P}=12474 / 42 * 11=3267$
$\mathrm{Q}=12474 / 42 * 12=3564$
$\mathrm{R}=12474 * 19 / 42=5643$
38. Dividend $=150 * 15 \%=22.50$
39.

Let market value be x .
Rate of return on investment $=22.5 / x^{*} 100$
$10 x=2250$
$x=225$
40. 250 Rs. 10 shares $=$ Rs. 2500
41.
dividend = Rs. 250
Proceeds of sale $=250 * 20=$ Rs. 5000
No. of Rs. 5 shares bought in the other company $=5000 / 4=1250$
Capital $=1250 * 5=6250$
Dividend in the other company $=6250 * 4 \%$
$=250$
42. Let numbers be $x$ and $y$.
43.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 / 4 x+2 / 3 y=3 / 8(x+y) \\
& 3 x+8 y / 12=3 x+3 y / 8 \\
& 6 x+16 y=9 x+9 y \\
& 7 y=3 x \\
& x: y=3: 7
\end{aligned}
$$

39. The diagonals of a square intersect at 1 point if no 2 diagonals pass through the same point
40. cost price for $x=5$
selling price for $\mathrm{x}=10$
profit $=5$
cost price for $\mathrm{x}=12$
selling price $=15$
profit $=3$
total profit $=8$
41. The H.C.F of 1600 and 125 is 25.

Length wise---- I can cut 64 breadthwise. 5 pieces Altogether I can cut 320 pieces.
42. Let the numbers be $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{p}} \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{q}}$ Where H is their H . C. F. and p $q$ are prime to each other.
Then, their L.C. $\mathrm{M}=\mathrm{Hpq}$
$\mathrm{Hp}+\mathrm{Hq}=85 \mathrm{H} p q=102$
Dividing , $\mathrm{p}+\mathrm{q} / \mathrm{pq}=85 / 102=5 / 6$
Therefore the numbers $\mathrm{p}, \mathrm{q}$ must be 32
$\mathrm{H}=102 / 6=17$
Therefore $\mathrm{A}=17 * 3=51 \mathrm{~B}=17 * 2=34$
43. Triangle SAB is similar to triangle SFL

SA / SF = AB / FL
$x / x+4=1.75 / 5.25=1 / 3$
$3 x=x+4$
Therefore $x=2 m$
44. $\mathrm{A}\left(\right.$ triangle x ) / A (triangle y ) $=\mathrm{b}_{1} \mathrm{~h}_{1} \mathrm{~b}_{2} \mathrm{~h}_{2}</$ sub $>$
$\mathrm{b}_{1} / \mathrm{b}_{2}=2 / 3$
$1=2 h_{1} / 3 h_{2}$
Therefore $h_{1} / h_{2}=3 / 2$
45. Area of the ground
( $22 / 7$ ) ( $r_{1}+r_{2}$ ) ( $\left.r_{2}-150 ; r_{2}\right)$
$22 / 7$ * 5.1 * 4.9
$=77.54 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{m}$
Cost of levelling. $=77.54 * 10$
Rs. 775.54
46. $r_{1}+r_{2}=15$
$r_{2}+r_{3}=10$

```
\(r_{1}+r_{3}=21\)
\(2\left(r_{1}+r_{2}+r_{3}\right)=46\)
\(r_{1}+r_{2}+r_{3}=23\)
\(15+r_{3}=23\)
\(10+r_{1}=23\)
\(21+r_{2}=23\)
Therefore \(\mathrm{r}_{3}=8\)
\(\mathrm{R}_{1}=13\)
\(\mathrm{R}_{2}=2\)
```

47. When Diameter increased by 100 \% radius also increased by 100 \%
Therefore radius $=2 r$
Therefore original area of the circle / New area of the circle.
$=(22 / 7) r^{2} /(22 / 7)\left(2 r^{2}=(22 / 7) r^{2} /(22 / 7) 4 r^{2}=1 / 4\right.$
If the original area is ' A '
then new area $=4 \mathrm{~A}$
increase in area $=4 A-A=3 A$
Therefore $\%$ increase $=3 A / A * 100$
$=300 \%$
48. Volume of cone $=$ volume of sphere
$1 / 3(22 / 7) r^{2} h$
$=4 / 3(22 / 7) r^{2}$
$1 / 3 *(22 / 7) * 10^{2} \mathrm{~h}$
$=4 / 3 *(22 / 7) * 4^{3}$
$10^{2} h=256$
100 h = 256
Therefore $\mathrm{h}=2.56$
49. Volume of water flowing out in 1 minute.
$=(22 / 7) r^{2} h$
$=(22 / 7) * 1 / 4 * 1 / 4 * 1000$ с.с
Time taken $=$ volume of conical tank / volume of water flowing out.
$=1 / 3(22 / 7) r^{2} h /(22 / 7) r^{2} h$
$=1 / 3 *(22 / 7) * 20 * 20 * 24 /(22 / 7) * 1 / 4 * 1 / 4 * 100$
$=511 / 5$ minutes.
50. S.I $=2500 * 73 / 365 * 6 / 100$
$=30$
