COMPETITIVE EXAMS

TEST I-ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Directions (Q. 1-8): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/phrases in the passage are printed in BOLD to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

When we Indians are starved of things to feel proud about, the appointment of Satya Nadella as the CEO of the iconic Microsoft has given us a reason to take pride in the success of a fellow Indian.

Not only is Satya Indian by birth, he went to ordinary schools and colleges, got to the top on his own merit and, most of all, remained a nice, normal and humble guy. We can relate to Satya and his journey in a way that we can't relate to, say, Steve Jobs or Bill Gates, and that's what is so inspiring. In his success, we see the possibility of our own success. At a time where young people are looking for role models to **emulate**, Satya is certainly a wonderful one.

However, at least one commentator has stirred a hornet's nest by asking if Satya's success is, in fact, a slap in our face. Could Satya have become the CEO of a major Indian company? Or did he have to leave the country to succeed? Corporate India is dominated by family business. The right genes are still an important requisite for ultimate success. But this is changing slowly.

Even promoters are slowly **ceding** the CEO job to loyal professionals. there are a handful of important companies where shareholding is diversified and that have had professional CEOs for a long time: the Tata group, HDFC, ICICI and Larsen & Toubro, for example. The problem here is that there are so few of them and the CEO tenure in these firms is so long that it creates few opportunities for new leaders to rise.

Our many public sector companies **emasculate** their leaders so much that no competent professional would seriously consider leading these important **behemoths**.

Finally, there are multinationals like HUL, Suzuki and Samsung. In these firms, most important decisions are made outside India and so, a promising leader has to leave India and get back to headquarters to rise. So, it is indeed true that India is still a small pond for an ambitious and talented professional manager. Hopefully, as Indian firms globalise and professionalise and more entrepreneurial firms achieve scale, this will change. But in the short term the best opportunities for the very best talent are still outside India.

Another question worth asking is whether a non-Indian immigrant could have risen to the top of one of our iconic firms. The strength of the US is that it is able to attract and **assimilate** immigrants of incredible ability. Intel, Google and Yahoo! were all started by immigrants.

Indian immigrants run important firms such as Microsoft, Master Card and Pepsi. But how attractive and open is India to global talent?

Would, and could, a brilliant Bangladeshi, Nepali or Sri Lankan make it to the top in India? Could and American or European be a future CEO of Mahindra, Airtel or Infosys? Globally, business success is increasingly driven by innovation and entrepreneurship and skilled talent do disproportionately well.

As Indian companies try to succeed globally, they must become more open to talent carrying different passports. India will need to examine immigration policies to welcome skilled professionals.

For all our complaints about the US restrictions on immigration of skilled workers, we ourselves remain quite closed. If we could make India a less challenging place to do business and if we could become more welcoming of high-end talent regardless of nationality we would reverse the brain drain and become a magnet for innovators and entrepreneurs who would revitalise our economy in unimaginable ways.

- 1. In what way can Satya Nadella be a help for Indian guys?
 - 1) Satya being a fellow of Indian origin can help Indian students out of way.
 - 2) Satya can be a role model and inspiration for young Indians
 - 3) He can help Indian IT industry by imparting special training to Indian technocrats
 - 4) He can help set up more Microsoft offices in India
 - 5) None of these
- 2. What prompted one of the commentators to ask if Satya's success was, in fact, a slap in our face?
 - 1) India is a developing country and the people belonging to lower-middle class do not get appropriate opportunity to develop their skills.
 - 2) There is no scope of promotion for a poor fellow, however intelligent he may be.

- 3) Corporate India is dominated by family business and no person other than one from the family can easily reach the top position of that corporate office.
- 4) In India blood relation is given more importance than intelligence
- 5) All the above
- 3. Which of the following is/are not true in the context of the given passage?
 - (A)A handful of important companies such as Tata Group, HDFC, ICICI and L & T have had professional CEOs for a long time.
 - (B) Now, promoters are rapidly allowing loyal professionals to reach the top position of CEOs.
 - (C) The tenure of the CEO in companies like HDFC, ICICI and Tata group are so long that it creates few opportunities for new leaders to rise.
 - 1) Only (A) and (B) 2) Only (B) and (C) 3) Only (B) 4) Only (A) 5) Only (C)
- 4. Why has it been said that India is still a small pond for an ambitious and talented manager?
 - 1) Because most of multinational companies take most important decisions in the country of their origin and the promising leader has to go there and come back to India if they want to rise.
 - 2) Because most of the organisations do not want to give chance even to a talented Indian manager
 - 3) Because Indian companies are not so advanced and hence there is very little opportunity of growth here even for talented managers.
 - 4) Because the mindset of Indian corporate business houses is such that they prefer foreign talents to Indian talent.
 - 5) None of these
- 5. What suggestions has/have been made by the author for Indian companies trying to succeed globally?
 - 1) Indian companies should open their branches abroad
 - 2) Indian companies should urge the Govt of India for relaxing its immigration policy.
 - 3) Special provisions should be made for foreign companies
 - 4) Indian companies must be more open to talented professionals
 - 5) All the above

Directions (Q. 6-7): Choose the word/group of words which is MOST SIMILAR in meaning to the word / group of words printed in BOLD as used in the passage.

6. Emulate

1) neglect 2) mock 3) mimic 4) formulate 5) follow

7. Emasculate

1) strengthen 2) debilitate 3) assist 4) help 5) aid

Directions (Q. 8): Choose the word/group of words which is MOST OPPOSITE in meaning to the word / group of words printed in BOLD as used in the passage.

8. Ceding

1) conceding 2) capitulating 3) waiving 4) holding 5) conveying

Directions (Q. 9-12): Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical or idiomatic error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is 'No error', the answer is 5). (Ignore errors of punctuation, if any.)

- 9. 1) Hafiz Mohammad Saeed, the leader of internationally recognised terror outfit / 2) Laskar-e-Taiba, which carried on horrific attack / 3) in Mumbai, was placed / 4) under house arrest in Lahore. / 5) No error.
- 10. 1) The group of four emerging countries in terms of economy / 2) has set June 2015 as the next date / 3) by which a consensus / 4) could be arrived. / 5) No error.
- 11. 1) With the Supreme Court declining to hear his plea / 2) to recall its non-bailable arrest warrant, / 3) Sahara Chief Subrata Roy surrendered to the Lucknow police / 4) and arrested in connection with the contempt case. / 5) No error.
- 12. 1) Law Minister Kapil Sibal along with ministers Jairam Ramesh and V Narayan Swamy / 2) were called to the meeting / 3) chaired by Congress president Sonia Gandhi / 4) at Prime Minister Manmohan Singh's residence / 5) No error.

22.

Dire	ections (Q. 13-16): In each of these questions, two sentences I and II are given. Each sentence has a
	blank in it. Five words 1), 2), 3), 4) and 5) are suggested. Out of these only one fits at both the
10	places in the context of each sentence. The number of that word is the answer.
13.	I. Odisha Police claimed to have arrested a senior Maoist leader close to a central committee member who is
	allegedly involved in several attacks, including last year's on a BSF convoy.
	II. The gunmen, lying in, opened fire, killing the driver.
- 1	1) invasion 2) ambush 3) hiding 4) camouflage 5) pitfall
14.	I. All that a tourist has to do is to submit an application online and, within two to three days, a travel
	authorisation will be mailed
	II. I predict that the council will water on the tax issue.
	1) again 2) then 3) these upon 4) back 5) throw
15.	I. During his interview with Times Now, Rahul Gandhi did not look into the camera.
	II. All her efforts to keep him to the and narrow have been rewarded.
	1) straight 2) forward 3) direct 4) front 5) good
16.	I. After living under a military regime for more than seven years, the Fijians are visible enthusiasm for elections.
	II. Among the protesters and war veterans proudly their medals was Arivind.
	1) disparaging 2) expressing 3) displaying 4) floundering 5) exclaiming
Dire	ections (Q. 17-20): In each of the following sentences there are certain blank spaces. Below each
	sentence there are five options denoted by the numbers 1), 2), 3), 4) and 5). Find out which option
	can be used to fill up the blank(s) in the sentence in the same sequence to make it meaningfully
	complete.
17.	Sikkim was seriously by the September 2011 earthquake, which measured 6.9 on the Richter
	1) effected, range 2) damaged, metre 3) haunted, calibration 4) affected, scale
	5) blemished, system
18.	India has a vibrant publishing scene, thanks to not only the big publishers but also a lot of quality little
	publishing houses that it going.
	1) conscious, keep 2) responsive, put 3) apprised, retain 4) mindful, retain
	5) cognisant, enjoy
19.	The staunch proponents of economic liberalisation have often that the relaxation of state will lead
	to phenomenal growth of industries spurred by FDI.
	1) contended, neglect 2) jumped, inability 3) hassled, domination 4) crossed, dominion
	5) argued, control
20.	After a relationship over one-and-a-half centuries, on July 14, Kolkata bid an emotional to a mode
	of communication called the telegram.
	1) traversing, farewell 2) extending, relation 3) spanning, adieu 4) ranging, goodbye
	5) covering, hello
Dire	ections (Q. 21-25): Rearrange the following seven sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) in the
	proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph and then answer the questions given below.
	(A)The procuring of fruits, berries, greens and seeds was supplemented by some hunting.
	(B) As an aid in this search for food, primitive people invented weapons and tools.
	(C) In places where animals were abundant, the technique of hunting became highly developed.
	(D) Man moved forward again and he learned to domesticate animals, particularly the big
	animals such as cattle.
	(E) In the primitive days man satisfied his hunger by searching for food and living upon what he could raise.
	(F) Most of the hunting people had already domesticated the dog, which aided in the hunt and also helped
	somewhat in transportation.
	(G) The hunting people did not to separately but rather lived in small groups and moved in a group for hunt.
21.	Which of the following should be the FIRST sentence after rearrangement?
	1) A 2) C 3) D 4) B 5) E
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Which of the following should be the **SECOND** sentence after rearrangement?

	1) F	2) B	3) A	4) C	5) G	
23.	Which of the follow	ring should be the	LAST (SEVEN	Γ H) sentence a	after rearrangement?	
	1) C	2) A	3) G	4) F	5) B	
24.	Which of the follow	ring should be the	FIFTH sentence	e after rearran	gement?	
	1) G	2) D	3) B	4) A	5) C	
25 .	Which of the follow	ring should be the	THIRD sentence	e after rearran	gement?	
	1) E	2) F	3) A	4) G	5) D	
Dire	ections (Q. 26-30):	In the following	g passage, some	of the word	s have been left out, each of which	ch is
	indicated by a n	umber. Find the	e suitable word	from the op	tions given against each number	and
	fill up the blanks	s with appropria	te words to ma	ke the passas	ge meaningfully complete.	
	Where do new i	deas come from?	How do they get	put into action	? How can we create social structures	that
	(26) cooperative, p	productive and cre	eative? These are	perhaps the	most critical (27) for any society and	they
	are especially impo	ortant <u>(28)</u> becaus	e of global compe	etition, environ	nmental challenges and the (29) of rot	from
	within.					
	In the last few	years, our lives	have been <u>(30)</u>	by networks o	combining people and computers, allo	wing
	greater participation	on and faster cha	nge today, virtu	al crowds can	form in minutes and consist of millio	ns of
	people from all ov	ver the world. A	nd with each ne	w day, it may	y be a different set of millions of pe	eople
	contributing and co	ommenting.				
26.	1) is	2) was	3) are	4) has	5) had	
27.	1) apprehensions	2) doubts	3) wishes	4) quest	5) questions	
28.	1) now	2) then	3) still	4) yet	5) present	
29.	1) blackmail	2) scent	3) thunder	4) threat	5) hazard	
30.	1) altered	2) transformed	3) mutated	4) restructu	red 5) reconstructed	
		Test I	I-QUANTITA	TIVE APTI	TUDE	
Dire	ections (Q. 31-35): V	What should con	ne in place of qu	ıestion mark	(?) in the following questions?	
31.	19.76 + 13.81 - 11.	25 - 10.09 + 3.76	= ?			
	1) 13.79	2) 14.82	3) 15.99	4) 16.46	5) None of these	
32.	$\sqrt[3]{2197} \times \sqrt[3]{4096} = ?$					
	1) 208	2) 232	3) 248	4) 264	5) 280	
33.	12% of 14500 + 6.4	<i>'</i>	3) 240	4) 204	3) 200	
<i>5</i> 5.	1) 512	2) 526	3) 548	4) 572	5) None of these	
			3) 340	4) 572	b) None of these	
34.	$(2.8)^{-3.1} \div (2.8)^{7.2}$	$\times (2.8)^{12.8} = (2.8)^{3}$				
	1) 1.8	2) 2.5	3) 8.4	4) 16.4	5) None of these	
0.5	$\frac{7}{9}$ of $1665 + \frac{3}{7}$ of 151	2 1012 0				
35.	$\frac{-011003 + -01131}{9}$	2-1812=?				
	1) 131	2) 133	3) 135	4) 137	5) None of these	
36.	What is the averag	ge of the following	set of numbers?			
	68435, 72161,	57009, 82158,	10012			
	1) 54355	2) 56275	3) 57955 4) 59	845 5) N	Ione of these	
37.	The increase in the	e population of a c	ity is 15% per yea	ar. If the popul	ation of the city in 2011 was 6.4 lakh,	then
	what will be its pop	pulation in 2013?				
	1) 8.328 lakh	2) 8.464 lakh	3) 8.624 lak	h 4) 8.848 lak	h 5) None of these	
38.	The cost of 12 shirt	ts and 20 pants is	Rs. 3300. What v	vill be the cost	of 21 shirts and 35 pants?	
	1) Rs. 5775	2) Rs. 6125	3) Rs. 6485	4) Rs. 6775	5) None of these	
39.	If the difference be	etween 85% of a	number and 48%	of the same r	number is 314.5, then what is 36% of	that
	number?					
	1) 200	0) 000	_,	4) 010	W NT C 1	
	1) 302	2) 306	3) 312	4) 318	5) None of these	
40.		*	,	*	5) None of these neads is 78 and the total number of fe	eet is

1) 38

2) 42

3) 44

4) 46

5) 48

What will come in place of question mark in the following number series? 41.

103

313 7412) 1504

3) 1512

4) 1523

5) None of these

42.

1) 1501

In how many different ways can the letters of the word CYCLE be arranged? 2) 120

3) 240

4) 30

43. If the numerator of a fraction is increased by 260% and the denominator is decreased by 25% the resultant fraction is 3. What was the original fraction?

3) $\frac{7}{8}$ 4) $\frac{5}{6}$ 5) $\frac{3}{7}$

A train crosses a pole in 6.4 seconds and a 220-metres long-platform in 15.2 seconds. What is the speed of 44.

1) 15 ms^{-1}

 $2) 20 \text{ ms}^{-1}$

3) 25 ms^{-1} 4) 30 ms^{-1} 5) 40 ms^{-1}

Which is the largest among the given fractions? 45.

 $\frac{17}{24}, \frac{19}{27}, \frac{5}{9}, \frac{11}{15}, \frac{4}{7}$

3) $\frac{5}{9}$ 4) $\frac{11}{15}$ 5) $\frac{4}{7}$

Directions (Q. 46-50): Study the pie chart along with the table to answer the given questions. Distribution of number of students in standard fifth to tenth in a school.

Total number of students = 4500



Ratio between number of boys and girls



Total number of boys in standards sixth and seventh together is approximately what percent of the total 46. number of boys in the school?

3) 30

4) 34

5) 39

What is the difference between total number of boys and total number of girls studying in all the standards 47. together?

2) 224

3) 244

4) 246

5) 252

What is the ratio between total number of boys in standards seventh and ninth together and the total number 48. of girls in standards fifth and sixth together respectively?

2) 16:15

3) 19:16

4) 19:17

5) 18:17

49. What is the ratio between number of girls in seventh standard and number of boys in tenth standard respectively?

	1) 8:5 2) 9:7 3) 9:5 4) 4:3 5) 7:4						
50.	Total number of boys in standards fifth, sixth and seventh together is what percent of the total number of girls						
	in standards eighth, ninth and tenth together? (rounded off to nearest integer)						
	1) 119 2) 117 3) 86 4) 114 5) 93						
51.	A canteen requires 17 dozen eggs per day. How many eggs will it require for 13 weeks?						
	1) 2652 2) 1547 3) 18564 4) 31824 5) None of these						
52.	A person carries a bag of coins. In the bag there are 170 coins of 25-paise denomination, 225 coins of 50-paise						
	denomination, 111 one-rupee coins and 35 ten-rupee coins. What is the total amount that the person has?						
	1) Rs. 1120 2) Rs. 1180 3) Rs. 1240 4) Rs. 1260 5) None of these						
53.	An item is sold for Rs.1610 at a profit of 15%. What would have been the gain or loss percent had it been sold						
	for Rs.1554?						
	1) 10% 2) 11% 3) 12% 4) 13% 5) 14%						
54.	Rs.7728 is spent on painting a rectangular wall of length 42 metres and width 23 metres. What is the cost of						
	painting per square metre?						
	1) Rs. 16 2) Rs. 14 3) Rs. 12 4) Rs. 8 5) Rs. 6						
55.	The average age of 13 persons is 36 years. If the age of one more person is added the average decreases by half						
	a year. What is the age of the new person?						
	1) 29 years 2) 23 years 3) 42.5 years 4) 27 years 5) 43 years						
56.	What is the least number to be added to 6881 to make it a perfect square?						
	1) 3 2) 5 3) 8 4) 11 5) 13						
57.	A person invests an amount of Rs. 4500 for three years at the rate of 20% per annum. What approximate						
	amount of compound interest will he obtain at the end of three years?						
	1) Rs. 3048 2) Rs. 3276 3) Rs. 3484 4) Rs. 3612 5) Rs. 3760						
58.	The average age of a man and his son is 46 years. The ratio of their ages is 16:7. What is the age of his son?						
	1) 14 years 2) 28 years 3) 42 years 4) 21 years 5) None of these						
59.	Mohan invested an amount of Rs.14850 at the rate of 8% per annum for four years. What total amount will he						
	obtain at the end of four years?						
	1) Rs. 19602 2) Rs. 19848 3) Rs. 20124 4) Rs. 20478 5) None of these						
60.	A shopkeeper charges his customer 24% more than the cost price of an item. If the customer pays Rs.2046 for						
	that item, what is the cost price of that item?						
	1) Rs. 1600 2) Rs. 1650 3) Rs. 1680 4) Rs. 1700 5) None of these						
61.	A alone can complete a piece of work in 18 days and B alone can complete it in 36 days. In how many days can						
	A and B together complete the piece of work?						
	1) 12 days 2) 15 days 3) 16 days 4) 18 days 5) 24 days						
62.	The product of two consecutive odd numbers is 12099. Find the greatest number.						
	1) 109 2) 111 3) 113 4) 115 5) 117						
63.	The sum of digits of a two-digit number is 9. The difference between the number obtained by interchanging						
	the digits of the two-digit number and the original number is 45. What is one-fourth of that two-digit number?						
	1) 6.75 2) 9 3) 11.25 4) 15.75 5) None of these						
64.	A and B started a business by investing Rs.15000 and Rs. 24000 respectively. If A's share in the profit earned						
	by them is Rs. 5500, then what is the total profit earned?						
	1) Rs. 8800 2) Rs. 13200 3) Rs. 14300 4) Rs. 16500 5) None of these						
65.	The simple interest accrued on an amount in 7 years at the rate of 12% per annum is Rs. 71400. What is the						
	principal?						
	1) Rs. 55000 2) Rs.65000 3) Rs. 75000 4) Rs. 85000 5) None of these						

TEST III:REASONING ABILITY

Directions (Q. 66-70): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Eight friends A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting around a circle facing the centre, but not necessarily in the same order. There are two female members in the group.

	of C. D is second to the right of G, who is second to the right of A. There are three members between two						
	female members. F is not on the immediate right of C.						
66.	Who among the following sits on the immediate right of C?						
	1) G 2) H	3) B	4) D	5) None of the	se		
67.	Which of the follow	ing pairs are immedi	ate neighbours	of H?			
	1) C, B 2) E,	C 3) A, G	4) F, B	5) None of the	se		
68.	Which of the follow						
	1) A, E 2) D, I		4) B, E	5) None of the	se		
69.	Who among the foll	owing is sitting oppos	site A?				
	1) C 2) E	3) D	4) F	5) None of the	se		
70.		owing is third to the	right of B?	,			
	1) D 2) E	3) G	4) F	5) None of the	se		
Direc			,	,	l answer the questions given below.		
	,	A % D F K E 8 J					
71.	If all the symbols a		=		the following will be eleventh from the		
	right end?	11	0	,	5		
	1) W	2) 2	3) U	4) T	5) None of these		
72.	,	,		*	of which is immediately followed by a		
	number?			8			
	1) None	2) One	3) Two	4) Three	5) None of these		
73.	How many such sy	mbols are there in	the above arra	ngement each	of which is immediately preceded by a		
	consonant and follo	wed by a vowel?					
	1) None	2) One	3) Two	4) Three	5) None of these		
74.	How many such con	nsonants are there in	the above arra	ingement each	of which is not immediately preceded by		
	a symbol but follow	ed by a vowel?					
	1) One	2) Two	3) Three	4) Four	5) None of these		
75.	How many such ve	owels are there in t	he above arrar	ngement each	of which is immediately preceded by a		
	number?						
	1) One	2) Two	3) Three	4) Four	5) None of these		
Direc	ctions (Q. 76-80):	In these questions	s, a relationsl	hip between	different elements is shown in the		
		tatements are follo					
	1) if only conclusion			clusion II is tru			
	3) if either conclusion I or II is true 4) if neither conclusion I nor II is true						
		ns I and II are true	,				
76.	Statements:	$K \ge L > M \le N < P,$	Q = K				
	Conclusions:	I. Q > M	II. P > L				
77.	Statements:		J > E				
11.							
5 0	Conclusions:	I. L < T	II. $J > R$				
78.	Statements:	W > H = A < T, E					
	Conclusions:	I. T > W	II. H≥ E				
79.	Statements:	- '	$S \leq N < R$				
	Conclusions:	I. Q > S	II. $M \ge N$				
80.	Statements:	$D > E \ge F = G \le H >$	· I				
	Conclusions:	I. $E \ge G$	II. $H \ge F$				
81.	How many such pa	irs of letters are the	re in the word	DEVISED eac	h of which has as many letters between		
	them in the word as in the English alphabetical series?						
	1) None	2) One	3) Two	4) Three	5) None of these		
82.	Among D, E, F, G	and H, each having a	different heigh	ht, F is taller tl	han only D and G is shorter than E and		
	taller than H. Who	among the following	is the tallest?				
	1) E	2) H	3) G	4) F	5) None of these		

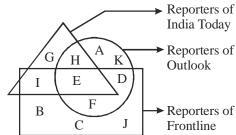
C sits third to the left of A and second to the right of E, who is not a male member. B is second to the right

83.	In certain code PIPE is written	as ' 5954' and REST	is written as '84	26' . How is SITE	written in that code?		
	1) 2468 2) 9526	3) 2964	4) 2694	5) None of the	se		
84.	In a certain code language FF	EMALES is written	as OFHBUFN .	How is ORDINA	AL written in that code		
	language?						
	1) NBPFSQJ 2) PSEJO	BM 3) FSQJPE	N 4) FSQJNBP	5) None of the	se		
85.	If red means orange, orange me	eans blue, blue means	s green, green m	eans black, black	means white, and white		
	means pink, then what is the co	lour of a crow?					
	1) Orange 2) White	3) Pink	4) Blue	5) None of the	se		
Direc	ctions (Q. 86-90): In each qu	estion below are	given two state	ements followe	d by two conclusions		
	numbered I and II. You have	ve to take the give	n statements t	o be true even	if they seem to be at		
	variance with commonly kn						
	conclusions logically follows	s from the given sta	tements, disre	garding commo	only known facts, Give		
	answer –						
	1) if only conclusion I follows	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	onclusion ${f II}$ follo				
	3) if either conclusion I or II f	*	er conclusion I n	or II follows			
	5) if both conclusions I and II	follow					
86.	Statements:						
	All walls are floors.	All floors a	re windows.				
	Conclusions:						
	I. All windows being walls is a	possibility. II. S	ome floors are w	alls.			
87.	Statements:						
		Some desks are bench	ies.				
	Conclusions:						
	I. Some tables are benches.	II. Some be	enches are desks				
88.	Statements:						
	All purses are rings.	No ring is	a hand.				
	Conclusions:		_	_			
	I. Some hands being purses is	a possibility. II. N	Io purse is a han	d.			
89.	Statements:						
	No scooter is a bike.	No truck is	a bike.				
	Conclusions:	** 0 1.					
	I. No scooter is truck.	II. Some bi	kes are truck.				
90.	Statements:	4.11	11				
	Some watches are needles.	All needles	are walls.				
	Conclusions:	** 0	., .,				
ъ.	I. Some watches are walls.		alls are needles.	,1	. •		
Direc	ctions (Q. 91-95): Study the fo	=	=	_	=		
	There are six types of toothp	-	=	=	= -		
	window screens numbered 1 to	-	=	-	= = =		
	Closeup and Colgate are displ	-					
	between Colgate and Vicco. Pepsodent is displayed between Oral-B and Closeup but three windows away from babul, which cannot be displayed next to Closeup. Neither Babul nor Vicco can be displayed at window 1.						
01		-		vicco can be disp	layed at window 1.		
91.	Which of the following toothpas			osom El Non	o of these		
09	1) Colgate 2) Vicco Which of the following teethness	3) Pepsode		- ,	e of these		
92.	Which of the following toothpastes is displayed on the immediate left of Pepsodent? 1) Closeup 2) Either Closeup or Oral-B 3) Oral-B 4) Babul 5) None of these						
0.9	- ·	-	*	4) Dabui	a) None of these		
93.	At which of the following screen 1) 2 2) 4	3) 3	4) 5	5) None of the	20		
94.	If the positions of Closeup and	′	*	,			
J4.	screen number 2?	orar-d are interentally	sea men winen o	i me mumming w	ompasies is displayed at		
	1) Oral-B 2) Pepsode	ent 3) Bahul	4) Colgate	5) None of the	se		

- 95. Which of the following pairs of toothpastes are displayed on screen number 4 and 5 respectively?
 - 1) Babul, Vicco
- 2) Pepsodent, Oral-B
- 3) Colgate, Closeup
- 4) Oral-B, Vicco

5) None of these

Directions (Q. 96-100): The following questions are based on the diagram given below.



- 96. Which of the following groups represents the group of reporters of Outlook and Frontline but not that of India Today?
 - 1) F, D
- 2) A, K, D, F
- 3) J, A, D, C 4) C, F, D, K
- 5) None of these
- 97. Which of the following represents the group of reporters of India Today, Frontline and Outlook?
 - 1) H
- 2) E
- 3) F
- 4) I
- 5) None of these
- 98. Which of the following groups represents reporters of only Frontline?
 - 1) B, I, G
- 2) C, F, J
- 3) B, C, I
- 4) J, C, B
- 5) None of these

- 99. Which of the following statements is true?
 - 1) G is the group of only Outlook
 - 2) E is the group of only India Today and Frontline
 - 3) H is the group of only Outlook and India Today
 - 4) C and J make the group of India Today.
 - 5) None of these
- 100. Which of the following represents the group of reporters of only India Today and Frontline?
 - 1) G, B
- 2) I, C
- 3) A
- 4) F, D
- 5) I

MOCK TEST – 0126 KEY

COMPETITIVE EXAMS

MOCK TEST – 0126 KEY

1.	(2)	26.	(3)	51.	(3)	76.	(1)
2.	(3)	27.	(5)	52.	(1)	77.	(2)
3.	(3)	28.	(1)	53.	(2)	78.	(4)
4.	(1)	29.	(4)	54.	(4)	79.	(1)
5.	(4)	30.	(2)	55.	(1)	80.	(5)
6.	(5)	31.	(3)	56.	(3)	81.	(3)
7.	(2)	32.	(1)	57.	(2)	82.	(1)
8.	(4)	33.	(2)	58.	(2)	83.	(3)
9.	(2)	34.	(2)	59.	(1)	84.	(4)
10.	(3)	35.	(1)	60.	(2)	85.	(5)
11.	(4)	36.	(3)	61.	(1)	86.	(5)
12.	(2)	37.	(2)	62.	(2)	87.	(2)
13.	(2)	38.	(1)	63.	(1)	88.	(2)
14.	(4)	39.	(2)	64.	(3)	89.	(4)
15.	(1)	40.	(4)	65.	(4)	90.	(5)
16.	(3)	41.	(1)	66.	(2)	91.	(2)
17.	(4)	42.	(1)	67.	(1)	92.	(1)
18.	(1)	43.	(2)	68.	(4)	93.	(3)
19.	(5)	44.	(3)	69.	(3)	94.	(1)
20.	(3)	45.	(4)	70.	(3)	95.	(4)
21.	(5)	46.	(4)	71.	(3)	96.	(1)
22.	(2)	47.	(1)	72.	(5)	97.	(2)
23.	(4)	48.	(1)	73.	(2)	98.	(4)
24.	(1)	49.	(2)	74.	(2)	99.	(3)
25.	(3)	50.	(2)	75.	(5)	100.	(5)