|R07|

Code No: R07A1BS01

Set No. 2

### I B.Tech Examinations,June 2011 ENGLISH

Common to CE, ME, CHEM, BME, IT, MECT, MEP, AE, BT, AME, ICE, E.COMP.E, MMT, ETM, E.CONT.E, EIE, CSE, ECE, CSSE, EEE Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

# Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

\*\*\*\*

- 1. (a) Complete the following sentences using the correct form of the verb in brackets.
  - i. The managing director and Chairman of the Committee ..... out of office today. (be)
  - ii. The people of Andhra Pradesh ..... their traditional food (love).
  - iii. Neither Aziz nor Kranti ..... ready with the presentation.(be)
  - iv. As the poster was far away we could not ..... its fine details (distinguish).
  - (b) Correct the following and rewrite the sentences
    - i. I'd rather eat a mango and not lunch.
    - ii. Two plus five are seven.
    - iii. Walking into the lift his helmet fell down.
    - iv. The price of gold are rising phenomenally.
  - (c) Pick the odd word out from each group.
    - i. loss, gain profit, advantage, benefit
    - ii. portion, piece, bit, whole, fragment
    - iii. imply, mean, denote, exclude
    - iv. frank, secretive, open, candid.
  - (d) Make new words by adding suffixes to the following:
    - i. Gold
    - ii. Culture
    - iii. Beauty
    - iv. Cheer.  $[4\times4]$
- 2. Sketch the character of Datta.

[16]

- 3. Wings of Fire is the story of India's search for scientific self sufficiency and technological competence. Discuss. [16]
- 4. 'Bread baked without love is a bitter bread, that feeds but half a man's hunger' How does Abdul Kalam use the quote with reference to work? [16]
- 5. Describe the significant events that influenced Abdul Kalam's childhood. [16]

- 6. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below:
  - A river is any natural stream of fresh water, larger than a brook or a creak, which flows in a well defined channel. Usually it discharges into another larger body of water: an ocean, a lake or another river. In rare instances, in regions of porous soil it soaks into the ground, or in excessively dry regions, evaporates, in which case it becomes a lost river. In other regions of favorable rock conditions it may also run underground for certain distance, disappearing and reappearing one or more times. A river with a well-cut channel and a graded bed, usually reaching base-level at its mouth, is an adolescent river. Rivers as they grow older usually widen their valleys accordingly, unless prevented by certain geological formations or occurrences. A river whose upper waters some time in the past suddenly found a new outlet, diminishing the volume and force of the original river and also its length, is known as a beheaded river. In general, the size of rivers depends on the geographical landscape, which ranges from the insignificant drainage areas of streams rising on high ground near the coast and flowing straight down to the sea, to immense parts of continents, where rivers rising on the slopes of mountain ranges far inland have to traverse vast stretches of valleys and plains before reaching the ocean. Questions:
    - (a) The first sentence of this passage is one of the following:
      - i. a demonstration
      - ii. a comparison.
      - iii. a definition
      - iv. a narration.
    - (b) The writer specifically mentions three types of rivers. Name them.
    - (c) Which phrase tells you that the shape of the land affects the dimension of the
  - (d) In some cases a river dries up. Name the two conditions when this happens.
  - (e) Can a river become invisible at times? If yes, when?
  - (f) What factors obstruct the natural process of older rivers increasing their width?
  - (g) If part of a river suddenly changes its direction, how does it affect the entire river?
  - (h) Match the following:

[1+2+1+2+1+2+2+5]

Α

- (a) discharges 1. become smaller
- (b) favorable
  - 2. properly explained
- (c) diminish
- 3. clearly marked

В

- (d) well defined
- 4. disappear
- 5. flows
- (e) traverse
- 6. suitable
- 7. delivers

R07

Set No. 2

7. In what ways did Kalpana Chawla maintain her relationships with her friends at school and college? Give two examples of the ways in which she made an effort to keep her family happy. [16]

8. Do you agree that Mr. and Mrs. Larrabee are both artists with great imaginative talent? Explain with examples. [16]

R07

Set No. 4

### I B.Tech Examinations,June 2011 ENGLISH

Common to CE, ME, CHEM, BME, IT, MECT, MEP, AE, BT, AME, ICE, E.COMP.E, MMT, ETM, E.CONT.E, EIE, CSE, ECE, CSSE, EEE Time: 3 hours

Max Marks: 80

# Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. 'Bread baked without love is a bitter bread, that feeds but half a man's hunger' How does Abdul Kalam use the quote with reference to work? [16]
- 2. In what ways did Kalpana Chawla maintain her relationships with her friends at school and college? Give two examples of the ways in which she made an effort to keep her family happy. [16]
- 3. Wings of Fire is the story of India's search for scientific self sufficiency and technological competence. Discuss. [16]
- 4. Do you agree that Mr. and Mrs. Larrabee are both artists with great imaginative talent? Explain with examples. [16]
- 5. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below: A river is any natural stream of fresh water, larger than a brook or a creak, which flows in a well defined channel. Usually it discharges into another larger body of water: an ocean, a lake or another river. In rare instances, in regions of porous soil it soaks into the ground, or in excessively dry regions, evaporates, in which case it becomes a lost river. In other regions of favorable rock conditions it may also run underground for certain distance, disappearing and reappearing one or more times. A river with a well-cut channel and a graded bed, usually reaching base-level at its mouth, is an adolescent river. Rivers as they grow older usually widen their valleys accordingly, unless prevented by certain geological formations or occurrences. A river whose upper waters some time in the past suddenly found a new outlet, diminishing the volume and force of the original river and also its length, is known as a beheaded river. In general, the size of rivers depends on the geographical landscape, which ranges from the insignificant drainage areas of streams rising on high ground near the coast and flowing straight down to the sea, to immense parts of continents, where rivers rising on the slopes of mountain ranges far inland have to traverse vast stretches of valleys and plains before reaching the ocean. Questions:
  - (a) The first sentence of this passage is one of the following:
    - i. a demonstration
    - ii. a comparison.
    - iii. a definition

# R07

# Set No. 4

iv. a narration.

- (b) The writer specifically mentions three types of rivers. Name them.
- (c) Which phrase tells you that the shape of the land affects the dimension of the river?
- (d) In some cases a river dries up. Name the two conditions when this happens.
- (e) Can a river become invisible at times? If yes, when?
- (f) What factors obstruct the natural process of older rivers increasing their width?
- (g) If part of a river suddenly changes its direction, how does it affect the entire river?
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[1+2+1+2+1+2+2+5]

Α

В

- (a) discharges
- 1. become smaller
- (b) favorable
- 2. properly explained
- (c) diminish
- 3. clearly marked
- (d) well defined
- 4. disappear
- (e) traverse
- 5. flows
- 6. suitable
- 7. delivers
- 6. (a) Complete the following sentences using the correct form of the verb in brackets.
  - i. The managing director and Chairman of the Committee ..... out of office today. ( be)
  - ii. The people of Andhra Pradesh ..... their traditional food (love).
  - iii. Neither Aziz nor Kranti ..... ready with the presentation.(be)
  - iv. As the poster was far away we could not ..... its fine details (distinguish).
  - (b) Correct the following and rewrite the sentences
    - i. I'd rather eat a mango and not lunch.
    - ii. Two plus five are seven.
    - iii. Walking into the lift his helmet fell down.
    - iv. The price of gold are rising phenomenally.
  - (c) Pick the odd word out from each group.
    - i. loss, gain profit, advantage, benefit
    - ii. portion, piece, bit, whole, fragment
    - iii. imply, mean, denote, exclude
    - iv. frank, secretive, open, candid.
  - (d) Make new words by adding suffixes to the following:
    - i. Gold
    - ii. Culture

R07

Set No. 4

iii. Beauty

iv. Cheer.  $[4\times4]$ 

7. Describe the significant events that influenced Abdul Kalam's childhood. [16]

8. Sketch the character of Datta. [16]

|R07|

Code No: R07A1BS01

Set No. 1

### I B.Tech Examinations,June 2011 ENGLISH

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- 1. Do you agree that Mr. and Mrs. Larrabee are both artists with great imaginative talent? Explain with examples. [16]
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- 3. In what ways did Kalpana Chawla maintain her relationships with her friends at school and college? Give two examples of the ways in which she made an effort to keep her family happy. [16]
- 4. (a) Complete the following sentences using the correct form of the verb in brackets.
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    - iv. frank, secretive, open, candid.
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    - i. Gold
    - ii. Culture
    - iii. Beauty
    - iv. Cheer.  $[4\times4]$
- 5. Sketch the character of Datta.

[16]

6. 'Bread baked without love is a bitter bread, that feeds but half a man's hunger' How does Abdul Kalam use the quote with reference to work? [16]

- 7. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below: A river is any natural stream of fresh water, larger than a brook or a creak, which flows in a well defined channel. Usually it discharges into another larger body of water: an ocean, a lake or another river. In rare instances, in regions of porous soil it soaks into the ground, or in excessively dry regions, evaporates, in which case it becomes a lost river. In other regions of favorable rock conditions it may also run underground for certain distance, disappearing and reappearing one or more times. A river with a well-cut channel and a graded bed, usually reaching base-level at its mouth, is an adolescent river. Rivers as they grow older usually widen their valleys accordingly, unless prevented by certain geological formations or occurrences. A river whose upper waters some time in the past suddenly found a new outlet, diminishing the volume and force of the original river and also its length, is known as a beheaded river. In general, the size of rivers depends on the geographical landscape, which ranges from the insignificant drainage areas of streams rising on high ground near the coast and flowing straight down to the sea, to immense parts of continents, where rivers rising on the slopes of mountain ranges far inland have to traverse vast stretches of valleys and plains before reaching the ocean. Questions:
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  - (e) Can a river become invisible at times? If yes, when?
  - (f) What factors obstruct the natural process of older rivers increasing their width?
  - (g) If part of a river suddenly changes its direction, how does it affect the entire river?
  - (h) Match the following:

[1+2+1+2+1+2+2+5]

R07

Set No. 1

A B

(a) discharges
(b) favorable
(c) diminish
(d) well defined
(e) traverse
1. become smaller
2. properly explained
3. clearly marked
4. disappear
5. flows

6. suitable 7. delivers

8. Describe the significant events that influenced Abdul Kalam's childhood. [16]

R07

Set No. 3

### I B.Tech Examinations,June 2011 ENGLISH

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Max Marks: 80

# Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

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- (g) If part of a river suddenly changes its direction, how does it affect the entire river?
- (h) Match the following:

[1+2+1+2+1+2+2+5]

1

- (a) discharges
- B
  1. become smaller
- (b) favorable
- 2. properly explained
- (c) diminish
- 3. clearly marked
- (d) well defined
- 4. disappear
- (e) traverse
- 5. flows
- 6. suitable
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- 4. (a) Complete the following sentences using the correct form of the verb in brackets.
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- 5. Describe the significant events that influenced Abdul Kalam's childhood. [16]
- 6. Wings of Fire is the story of India's search for scientific self sufficiency and technological competence. Discuss. [16]

Code No: R07A1BS01 m R07

Set No. 3

7. 'Bread baked without love is a bitter bread, that feeds but half a man's hunger' How does Abdul Kalam use the quote with reference to work? [16]

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