MATHEMATICS PAPER IA- MAY 2010. ALGEBRA, VECTOR ALGEBRA AND TRIGONOMETRY

TIME: 3hrs Max. Marks.75

Note: This question paper consists of three sections A, B and C.

SECTION A

VERY SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS.

10X2 = 20

Note: Attempt all questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. If $A = \{-2,-1,0,1,2\}$ and $f: A \rightarrow B$ is a surjection defined by $f(x) = x^2 + x + 1$, then find B.
- 2. find the domain of the function $f(x) = \sqrt{4x x^2}$.
- 3. If the vectors are $-3\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} + + 1\mathbf{k}$ $\mu \mathbf{i} + 8\mathbf{j} + 6\mathbf{k}$, are collinear vectors then find $1, \mu$.
- 4. Find the vector equation of the line passing through the point (2,3,1) and parallel to the vector (4, -2, 3)
- 5. If $(\mathbf{r} 2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} 4\mathbf{k}) \cdot (\mathbf{r} + 2\mathbf{i} 2\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}) = 0$ is the equation of the sphere, then find its centre.
- 6. Find the maximum and minimum values of the following functions over R. $f(x) = 5 \sin x + 12 \cos x 13$
- 7. Find the period of the function $f(x) = \cos\left(\frac{4x+9}{5}\right)$
- 8. If $\sinh x = 3$, show that $x = \log_e \left(3 + \sqrt{10}\right)$
- 9. If a = 6, b=5, c=9, then find angle A.
- 10. Find the square root of 3+4i.

SECTION B

SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

5X4 = 20

Note: Answer any FIVE questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 11. a, b, c are non-coplanar vectors. Prove that the following four points are coplanar -a + 4b 3c3a + 2b 5c3a + 8b 5c3a + 2b + c.
- 12. Find a unit vector perpendicular to the plane determined by the points P(1, 2,3), Q(2, -1,1) and R(1,2,-4).
- 13. Prove that $\sin 18^{\circ} = \frac{\sqrt{5} 1}{4}$
- 14. If θ_1, θ_2 are solutions of the equation $a\cos 2\theta + b\sin 2\theta = c$, $\tan \theta_1 \neq \tan \theta_2$ and $a + c \neq 0$ then find the values of (i) $\tan \theta_1 + \tan \theta_2$ (ii) $\tan \theta_1$. $\tan \theta_2$

15. Prove that
$$Tan^{-1}\frac{1}{2} + Tan^{-1}\frac{1}{5} + Tan^{-1}\frac{1}{8} = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

16. Show that
$$\frac{\cos A}{a} + \frac{\cos B}{b} + \frac{\cos C}{c} = \frac{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}{2abc}$$

17. Show that $16 \sin^5 \theta = \sin 5\theta - 5 \sin 3\theta + 10 \sin \theta$

SECTION C

LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

5X7 = 35

Note: Answer any Five of the following. Each question carries 7 marks.

- 18. If $f: A \to B$, $g: B \to C$ be bijections. Then show that $g \circ f: A \to C$ is a bijection.
- 19. Using mathematical induction, Show that $3.5^{2n+1} + 2^{3n+1}$ is divisible by 17 for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$.
- 20 If the angle between any two diagonals of a cube is θ , then by vector method, prove that $\cos\theta = 1/3$
- 21. If A + B + C = 180° , then prove that $\cos^2 \frac{A}{2} + \cos^2 \frac{B}{2} \cos^2 \frac{C}{2} = 2\cos \frac{A}{2}\cos \frac{B}{2}\sin \frac{C}{2}$.
- 22. If a = 13, b = 14, c = 15, show that $R = \frac{65}{8}$, r = 4, $r_1 = \frac{21}{2}$, $r_2 = 12$ and $r_3 = 14$.
- 23. A pillar is leaning towards east and a and b are the angles of elevation of the top of the pillar from two points due west of the pillar at distance a and b respectively. Show that the angle between the pillar and the horizontal is $Tan^{-1}\left(\frac{b-a}{b\cot\alpha-a\cot\beta}\right)$.
- 24. Show that one of $\left(\frac{1+\sin\frac{\pi}{8}+i\cos\frac{\pi}{8}}{1+\sin\frac{\pi}{8}-i\cos\frac{\pi}{8}}\right)^{\frac{8}{3}} = -1$