Code No: EE406

II B.Tech.(CCC) Supplimentary Examinations, December 2008 ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS

(Electrical & Electronic Engineering)

Time: 3 hours Max Marks: 100

Answer any FIVE Questions All Questions carry equal marks

- 1. Write short notes on following:
 - (a) Resonance type frequency meter.
 - (b) Advantages and disadvantages of Moving Iron power factor meter. [10+10]
- 2. (a) Derive the expression for ratio and phase angle error of a potential transformer.
 - (b) A potential transformer, ratio of 1000/100V, has the following constants:

[12+8]

primary resistance = 94.5Ω

Secondary resistance= 0.86Ω

primary reactance = 66.2Ω

Total equivalent reactance referred to primary = 110Ω

magnetizing current = 0.02A at 0.4 power factor Calculate:

- i. Phase angle error at no load.
- ii. load in VA at unity power factor at which the phase angle will be zero.
- 3. (a) Explain the operation of any one type of AC potentiometer.
 - (b) Explain clearly how such a potentiometer can be employed for measurement of unknown inductance and unknown capacitance. [10+10]
- 4. (a) Explain the various sources of errors and methods to reduce them in bridge circuits.
 - (b) A sheet of bakelite 4.5mm thick is tested at 50Hz between electrodes 0.12m in diameter. The shearing bridge employs a standard air capacitor C_2 of 106PF capacitance. A non reactive resistance R_4 of $1000/\pi\Omega$ in parallel with a variable capacitor C_4 , and a non-reactive variable resistance R_3 . Balance is obtained with $C_4 = 0.5\Omega F$ and $R_2 = 260\Omega$. Calculate the capacitance of the capacitor.
- 5. Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Shunted flux meter
 - (b) Hibberts Magnetic standard and its applications.

[10+10]

- 6. (a) What are electrostatic instruments? What is the basic principle over which they operate?
 - (b) Discuss the working of a repulsion type electrostatic instrument with a neat sketch. [10+10]

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- 7. Draw the neat sketch of Electromagnetic flow meter. Explain how do you measure the flow of slurries with the help of above meter? [20]
- 8. (a) Explain the following;
 - i. Accuracy
 - ii. Error
 - iii. Linearity
 - iv. Precision
 - (b) Discuss main differences between accuracy and precision.
 - (c) Explain about peak responding voltmeter.

[10+5+5]
